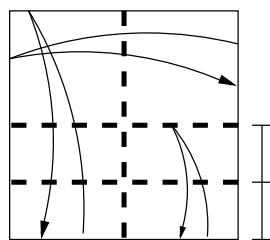
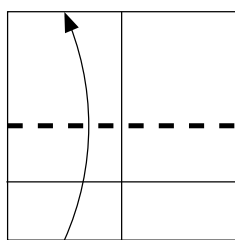


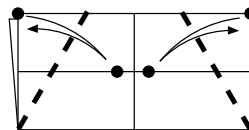
Come ottenere un esagono da un quadrato



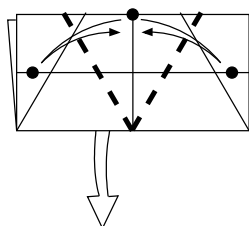
1.



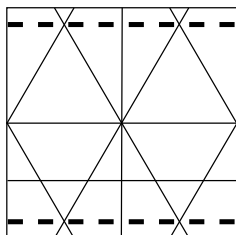
2.



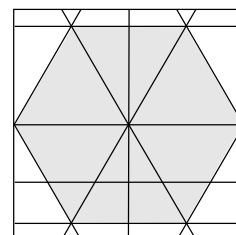
3. piega a 60°



4. piega ancora a 60° e riapri tutto

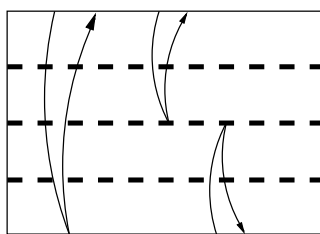


5. piega e riapri

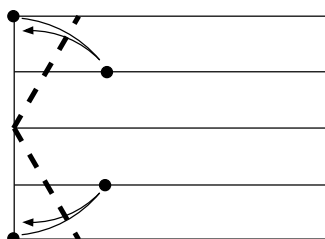


6. il centro del quadrato coincide con quello dell'esagono

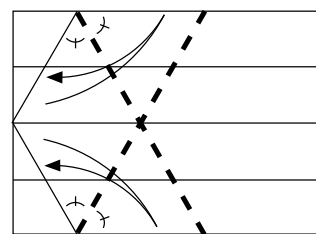
Come ottenere un esagono da un rettangolo (es. A4)



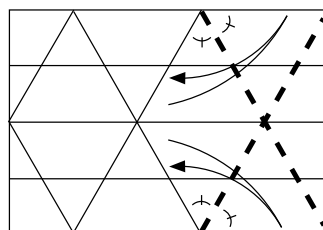
1. dividi in quarti



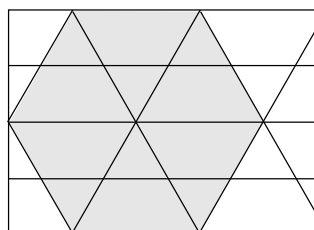
2. piega a 60 gradi e riapri



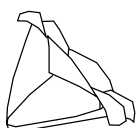
3. bisettrici

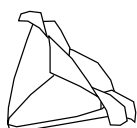
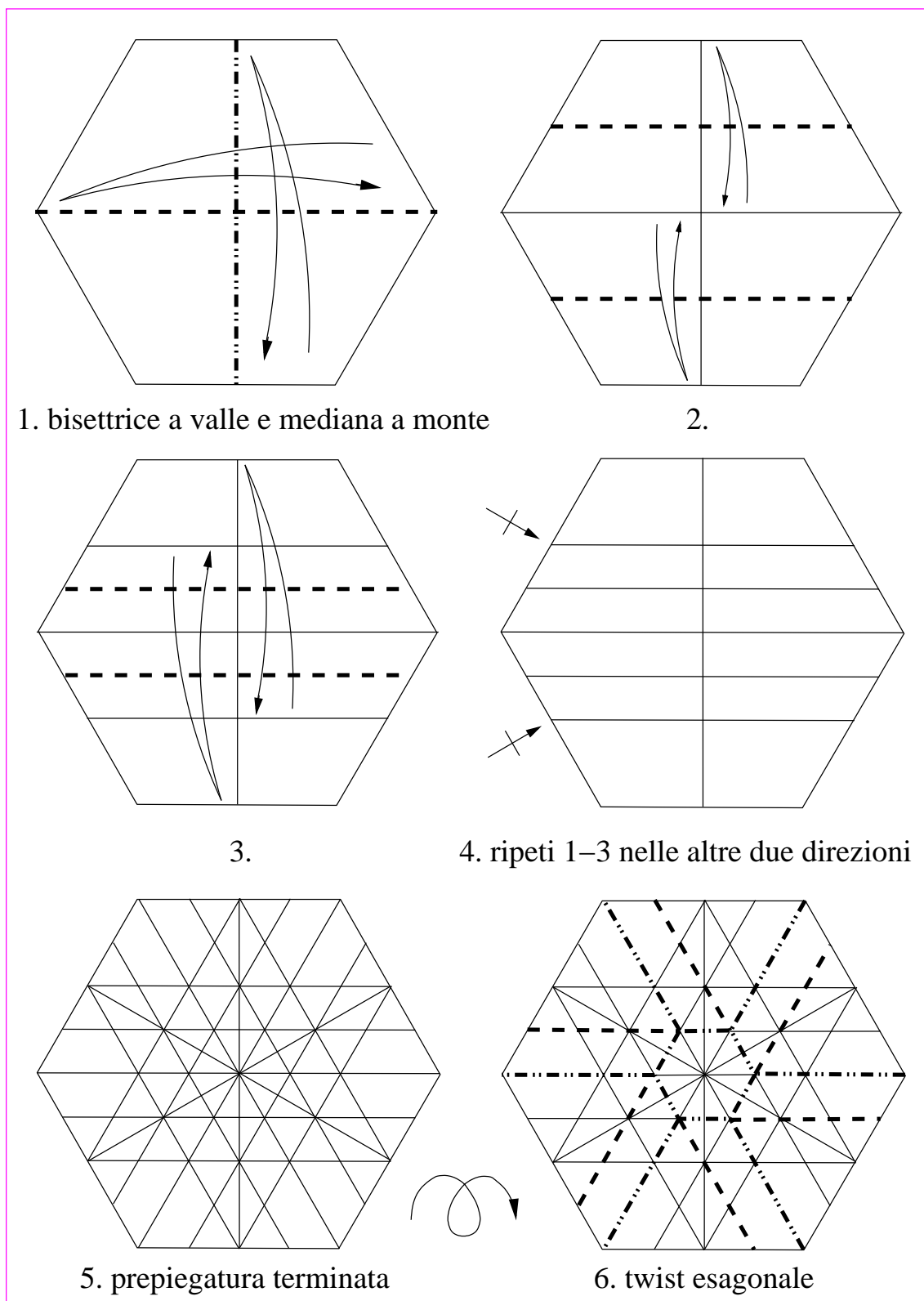


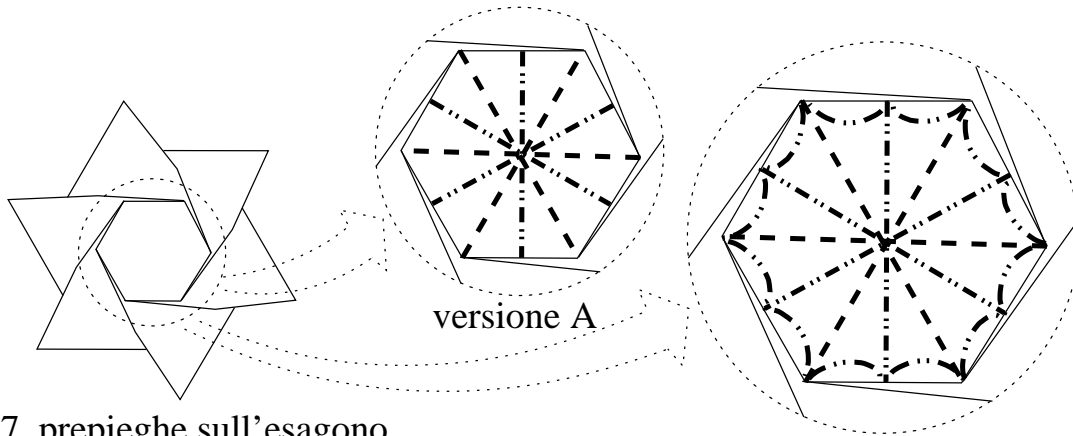
4. ancora bisettrici



6. fatto!



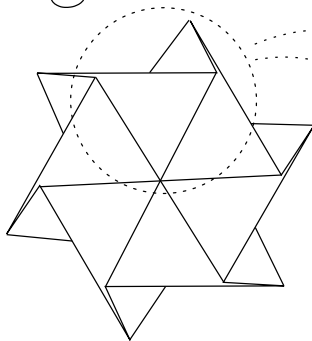
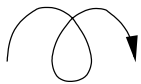




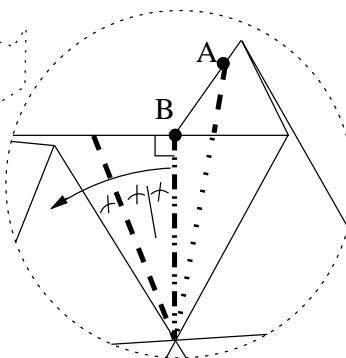
7. prepieghe sull'esagono centrale (interno del fiore)

versione A

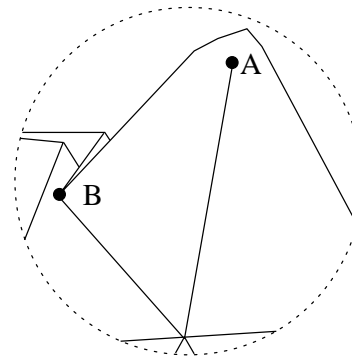
versione B



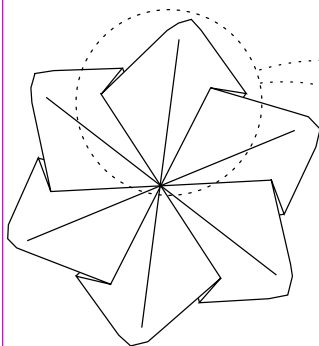
8. petali (esterno del fiore)



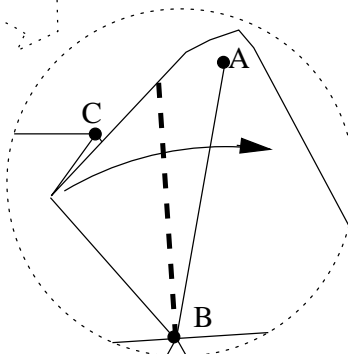
9. il punto A non e' sulla cima del petalo



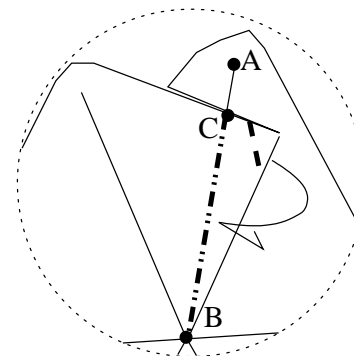
10. le punte dei petali non sono piatte; ripeti 9 sugli altri 5 petali



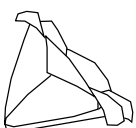
11.

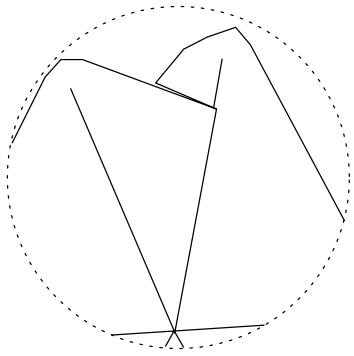


12. piega a destra; il punto C deve arrivare sulla linea AB

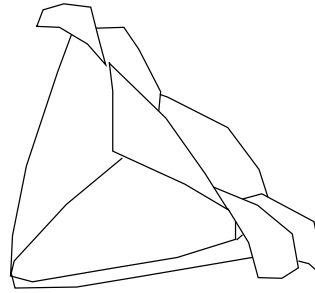
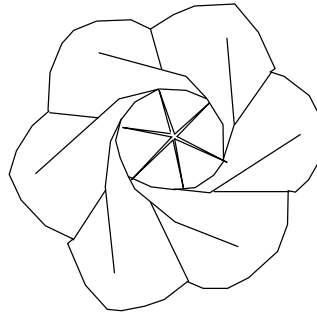


13. inserisci l'aletta nella tasca con una piega a monte; siccome la tasca non e' molto profonda occorre fare una seconda piega

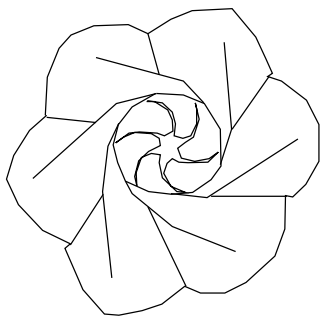




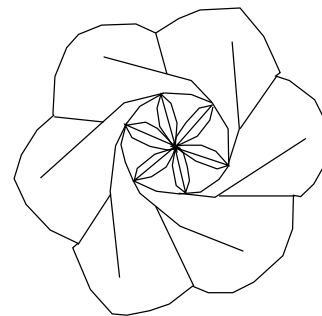
14. riapri e ripeti 12-14 sugli altri 5 petali.



15. per chiudere il fiore devi richiudere le 6 alette esterne e contemporaneamente verificare che nel centro si formi correttamente la stella esagonale chiusa



16. versione A: fai ruotare i singoli raggi in senso orario; la stella al centro si forma da sola.



16. versione B: premi da sopra in modo da rifare le pieghe a monte del passo 7.

